REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE ESTILL COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002



EDWARD B. HATCHETT, JR. AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.kyauditor.net

144 CAPITOL ANNEX FRANKFORT, KY 40601 TELEPHONE (502) 564-5841 FACSIMILE (502) 564-2912

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE ESTILL COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the Estill County Fiscal Court audit for fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. We have issued an unqualified opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. Based upon the audit work performed, the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

Financial Condition:

Fund balances increased by \$22,209 from the beginning of the year, resulting in a cash surplus of \$257,955 as of June 30, 2002. However, this cash surplus does not reflect unpaid invoices for the General, Road, and Jail Funds totaling \$130,513.

Debt Obligations:

Total Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Agreements principal as of June 30, 2002, was \$301,000. Future principal and interest payments of \$374,254 are needed to meet these obligations.

Total bonded debt principal as of June 30, 2002, was \$195,000. Future collections of \$153,693 are needed over the next three years to pay all bonded debt principal and interest.

Total Kentucky Local Correctional Facilities Construction Authority lease and participation agreement principal as of June 30, 2002 was \$138,296. Future principal and interest payments of \$202,764 are needed to meet these obligations.

Capital lease principal agreements totaled \$187,428 as of June 30, 2002. Future principal and interest payments of \$202,125 are needed to meet these obligations.

Report Comments:

- The Fiscal Court Should Implement Stronger Internal Controls Over Expenditures
- The Fiscal Court Should Adopt A Better System Of Internal Controls Over CSEPP Expenditures To Ensure Compliance With Grant Requirements
- The Fiscal Court Should Require Improved Accounting Procedures For The Jail Canteen
- The Fiscal Court Should Pay Invoices When Due And Should Not Obligate Funds In Excess Of Revenue Sources
- The Fiscal Court Should Pay All Loans By The End Of The Fiscal Year They Are Issued
- The Fiscal Court Should Maintain A Bid File

Deposits:

The fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities or bonds.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



EDWARD B. HATCHETT, JR. AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Gordon C. Duke, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Debra Eucker, Commissioner, Department of Law, Revenue Cabinet
Honorable Dwight Arvin, Former Estill County Judge/Executive
Honorable Wallace Taylor, Estill County Judge/Executive
Members of the Estill County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities, and equity arising from cash transactions of Estill County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2002, and the related statement of cash receipts, cash disbursements, and changes in cash balances for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Estill County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, Estill County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis and laws of Kentucky, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and equity arising primarily from cash transactions as of June 30, 2002, of Estill County, Kentucky, and the revenues received and expenditures paid for the year then ended, in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting.



To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
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In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2003, on our consideration of Estill County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The accompanying financial information listed as supporting schedules in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements of Estill County, Kentucky. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A–133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations</u>, and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the schedule of findings and questioned costs, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

- The Fiscal Court Should Implement Stronger Internal Controls Over Expenditures
- The Fiscal Court Should Adopt A Better System Of Internal Controls Over CSEPP Expenditures To Ensure Compliance With Grant Requirements
- The Fiscal Court Should Require Improved Accounting Procedures For The Jail Canteen
- The Fiscal Court Should Pay Invoices When Due And Should Not Obligate Funds In Excess Of Revenue Sources
- The Fiscal Court Should Pay All Loans By The End Of The Fiscal Year They Are Issued
- The Fiscal Court Should Maintain A Bid File

Respectfully submitted,

Edward B. Hatchett, Jr. Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - September 29, 2003

ESTILL COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

Fiscal Court Members:

Dwight Arvin County Judge/Executive

Kevin Williams Magistrate
Samuel Tipton Magistrate
Robert Burns Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Heather Combs County Attorney

Wayne Abney Jailer

Sherry Fox County Clerk

Charlene Baker Circuit Court Clerk

Gary L. Freeman Sheriff

Tamara Dunaway Property Valuation Administrator

John Toler Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Laura Ann Rogers County Treasurer

Laura Ann Rogers Occupational Tax Collector

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

ESTILL COUNTY STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

June 30, 2002

	Governmental Fund Types							Enterprise Fund Type	
	General		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Jail C	Canteen_	
Assets and Other Resources									
Assets									
Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash-	\$	55,221	\$	143,049	\$		\$	449	
Public Properties Corporation Fund						59,397			
Total Assets	\$	55,221	\$	143,049	\$	59,397	\$	449	
Other Resources									
Amounts to Be Provided in Future Years for:									
Capital Lease - KACO (Note 4) Bond Payments (Note 5)	\$	301,000	\$		\$	135,603	\$		
Jail Participation (Note 6) Capital Leases (Note 7) Note Payable (Note 8)	\$	138,296 187,428 100,000							
Total Other Resources	\$	726,724	\$	0	\$	135,603	\$	0	
Total Assets and Other Resources	\$	781,945	\$	143,049	\$	195,000	\$	449	

ESTILL COUNTY STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Totals
(Memorandum Only)

\$ 198,719
59,397
\$ 258,116
\$ 301,000
135,603
138,296
187,428
 100,000
0
\$ 862,327

\$

1,120,443

ESTILL COUNTY STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS June 30, 2002 (Continued)

	Governmental Fund Types						Proprietary Fund Type	
		General		Special Revenue	;	Debt Service	Ent	erprise_
Liabilities and Equity								
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Capital Lease - KACO (Note 4) Public Properties Corporation Bond (Note 5) Jail Participation (Note 6) Capital Leases (Note 7) Note Payable (Note 8) Unpaid Obligations (Note 9) Payroll Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 	301,000 138,296 187,428 100,000 130,513 161 857,398	\$ 	0	\$	195,000	\$	0
	φ_	031,390	φ	0	φ_	193,000	φ	<u> </u>
<u>Equity</u>								
Fund Balances: Reserved Unreserved	\$	(75,453)	\$	143,049	\$		\$	449
Total Equity	\$	(75,453)	\$	143,049	\$	0	\$	449
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$	781,945	\$	143,049	\$	195,000	\$	449

ESTILL COUNTY STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Totals (Memorandum Only)

\$ 301,000
107 000
195,000
138,296
187,428
100,000
130,513
 161
\$ 1,052,398
\$ 143,498
(75,453)
\$ 68,045
\$ 1,120,443



STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES

ESTILL COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

	General Fund Type							
<u>Cash Receipts</u>		Road and General Bridge Fund Fund Jail Fund					Local Government Economic Assistance Fund	
Schedule of Operating Revenue Receipts - Jail Canteen	\$	1,432,274	\$	823,639	\$	107,627	\$	49,671
Other Financing Sources: Transfers In Borrowed Money Lease-Purchase Proceeds Interest Earned		130,000 100,000 90,693		60,000		244,100		5,000
Total Cash Receipts	\$	1,752,967	\$	883,639	\$	351,727	\$	54,671
Cash Disbursements								
Comparative Schedule of Final Budget and Budgeted Expenditures Expenditures - Jail Canteen Other Financing Uses:	\$	1,363,888	\$	609,257	\$	350,352	\$	55,327
Transfers Out Bonds: Principal Paid		309,100		196,119				5,000
Interest Paid Jail Participation - Principal Capital Leases - Principal		79,950		76,835		6,738		
Total Cash Disbursements	\$	1,752,938	\$	882,211	\$	357,090	\$	60,327
Excess (Deficiency) of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements Cash Balance - July 1, 2001 Added Prior Year Voided Checks	\$	29 20,238 75	\$	1,428 30,427 1,039	\$	(5,363) 5,292 1,124	\$	(5,656) 6,427
Cash Balance - June 30, 2002	\$	20,342	\$	32,894	\$	1,053	\$	771

ESTILL COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Special Revenue Fund Type			ot Service nd Type						
	CSEPP State Grant Fund Fund		Public Properties Corporation Fund		Ca	Jail anteen Fund	Totals (Memorandum Only)		
\$	373,615	\$	354,865	\$		\$	3,128	\$	3,141,691 3,128
					71,119				510,219 100,000 90,693
					1,394				1,394
\$	373,615	\$	354,865	\$	72,513	\$	3,128	\$	3,847,125
\$	350,341	\$	348,283	\$		\$	2,704	\$	3,077,448 2,704 510,219
					60,000 13,260				60,000 13,260 6,738 156,785
\$	350,341	\$	348,283	\$	73,260	\$	2,704	\$	3,827,154
\$	23,274 64,677	\$	6,582 48,516	\$	(747) 60,144	\$	424 25	\$	19,971 235,746 2,238
\$	87,951	\$	55,098	\$	59,397	\$	449	\$	257,955

ESTILL COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2002

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Estill County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Based upon the criteria stated in GASB 14, management has included the Estill County Public Properties Corporation as part of the reporting entity.

The Estill County Public Properties Corporation is a legally separate entity established to provide long-term debt service for the fiscal court. The Corporation's governing body consists of fiscal court members and the debt service payments rely upon transfers from the County's funds. Therefore, management must include the Corporation as a component unit, and the Corporation's financial activity is blended with that of the fiscal court.

Additional - Estill County Constitutional Elected Officials

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff
- Property Valuation Administrator

The Kentucky constitution provides for election of the above officials from the geographic area constituting Estill County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

B. Fund Accounting

Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. The government uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Estill County Fiscal Court's fund types, a definition of each, and county funds included within each fund type are listed below.

1) General Fund Type

General Fund Type accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund type. The Estill County General Fund Type includes the following county funds: General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting (Continued)

2) Special Revenue Fund Type

Special Revenue Fund Type accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for the specified purpose. The Estill County Special Revenue Fund Type includes the following county funds: The CSEPP Fund and the State Grant Fund.

3) Debt Service Fund Type

Debt Service Fund Type accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest and includes funds for the Public Properties Corporation Fund. Debt service is provided through annual transfers from the General Fund Type in the amount of the debt service requirements for the year.

4) Enterprise Fund Type

The Enterprise Fund Type is used to report an activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The Estill County Enterprise Fund Type includes the jail canteen account, which is maintained by the county jailer.

The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen. Technical Audit Bulletin 93-002 provides additional accounting and expenditure guidance for acceptable jail canteen operations. All profit expenditures should be for the benefit and/or recreation of the inmates.

C. Basis of Accounting

For all fund types, the county utilizes a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received, except for the recording of long-term receivables and deferred revenue. Expenditures are recognized when paid, except for the recording of long-term obligations and amounts to be provided in future years.

D. Legal Compliance - Budget

The Estill County budget is adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer. The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Legal Compliance - Budget</u> (Continued)

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Formal budgets are not adopted for the Public Properties Corporation Fund because bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific payments to and from this fund annually and transfers are budgeted in the General Fund Type to comply with these requirements. The Department for Local Government does not require this fund to be budgeted.

E. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in bank accounts, and investments are stated at cost. Investments may include certificates of deposit on the financial statements; however, for the purpose of disclosing credit risk (Note 3), investments exclude certificates of deposit.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

F. Related Organizations

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on these criteria, the following are considered related organizations of Estill County Fiscal Court: Estill County Industrial Development Authority, Estill County Water District, and the Estill County Library.

Note 2. Employee Retirement System

The county has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a multiple-employer public retirement system, which covers all eligible full-time employees. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 6.41 percent.

Note 2. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report.

Note 3. Deposits

The county maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met, and as of June 30, 2002, the county's deposits were fully insured or collateralized at a 100% level with collateral of either pledged securities held by the county's agent in the county's name, or provided surety bond which named the county as beneficiary/obligee on the bond.

Note 4. Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Agreement

A. Enrichment Center

Estill County Fiscal Court entered into a leasing agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust for the purpose of construction of a county Enrichment Center. The amount of the lease principal was \$285,000 plus interest at 5.43 percent, plus administrative fees, credit fees, and fiduciary fees. The principal is paid annually and the interest is paid monthly over a 10-year period. The balance of the lease trust as of June 30, 2002 was \$181,000 as shown below:

Fiscal Year Ended				
June 30	I1	nterest	P	rincipal
2003	\$	10,890	\$	14,000
2004		9,994		15,000
2005		9,035		16,000
2006		8,015		17,000
2007		6,932		18,000
2008-2012		16,967		101,000
Totals	\$	61,833	\$	181,000

Note 4. Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Agreement (Continued)

B. Equipment

Estill County entered into a leasing trust agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust for the purpose of purchasing equipment. The amount of the lease principal was \$173,000 plus interest at 5.2 percent, plus administrative fees, credit fees, and fiduciary fees. The principal is paid annually and the interest is paid monthly over a 10-year period. The final lease payment on the equipment was made in FY 2002.

C. Fire Station

On July 20, 2001, the county entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties for the construction of a Fire Station. The terms of the agreement stipulate a 5-year repayment schedule. The principal is paid annually and the interest with administrative fees, credit fees, and fiduciary fees is paid monthly over the term of the lease. As of June 30, 2002, the principal balance outstanding was \$120,000. Debt service requirements for fiscal years ending June 30, 2003, and thereafter are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Iı	nterest	P	rincipal
2003	\$	4,850	\$	30,000
2004	7	3,574	•	30,000
2005		2,190		30,000
2006		807		30,000
Totals	\$	11,421	\$	120,000

Total Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Agreements as of June 30, 2002 was \$301,000.

Note 5. Long Term Debt

The County is liable for the following bonds issued by the Estill County Public Properties Corporation dated August 5, 1996, in the amount of \$585,000. Principal is payable annually on August 1, and interest is payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1. Debt Service requirements are as follows:

I1	nterest	P	rincipal
\$	9,840	\$	60,000
	6,150		65,000
	2,100		70,000
\$	18,090	\$	195,000
		6,150 2,100	\$ 9,840 \$ 6,150 2,100

Total bonded debt principal as of June 30, 2002, was \$195,000.

Note 6. Long Term Participation Agreement

The Kentucky Local Correctional Facilities Construction Authority (KLCFCA), an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$206,362 for the purpose of reconstruction of the jail facility. The fiscal court subsequently entered into a lease and participation agreement with KLCFCA for \$206,362 principal plus interest on the issue. Debt service requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	I	nterest	Principal		
2003	\$	8,542	\$	7,165	
2004		8,073		7,620	
2005		7,575		8,103	
2006		7,045		8,617	
2007		6,481		9,162	
2008-2012		22,616		55,303	
2013-2015		4,136		42,326	
Totals	\$	64,468	\$	138,296	

Total lease and participation agreement principal as of June 30, 2002, was \$138,296.

Note 7. Capital Leases

A. Dump Truck

On November 8, 1999, the county entered into a lease agreement with Farmers Bank and Trust (Leasing One) for the purchase of a dump truck. Terms of the agreement stipulate a 4-year repayment schedule with annual payments of \$21,813 with one payment due in advance. As of June 30, 2002, the principal balance outstanding was \$21,187. Debt service requirements for fiscal year ending June 30, 2003, is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	In	terest	Principal		
2003	\$	626	\$	21,187	
Totals	\$	626	\$	21,187	

Note 7. Capital Leases (Continued)

B. Sheriff Cruiser

On November 8, 1999, the county entered into a lease agreement with Farmers Bank and Trust (Leasing One) for the purchase of a sheriff cruiser. Terms of the agreement stipulate a 4-year repayment schedule with annual payments of \$5,567 with one payment due in advance. As of June 30, 2002, the principal balance outstanding was \$5,407. Debt service requirements for fiscal year ending June 30, 2003, is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	Int	erest	Principal		
2003	\$	160	\$	5,407	
Totals	\$	160	\$	5,407	

C. Voting Machines

On December 6, 2000, the county entered into a lease agreement with Farmers Bank and Trust (Leasing One) for the purchase of voting machines. Terms of the agreement stipulate a 3-year repayment schedule with annual payments of \$27,149. As of June 30, 2002, the principal balance outstanding was \$25,899. Debt service requirements for fiscal year ending June 30, 2003, is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Ir	nterest	Principal		
2003	\$	1,250	\$	25,899	
Totals	\$	1,250	\$	25,899	

D. Ford F-450 Truck

On April 12, 1999, the county entered into a lease agreement with Farmers Bank and Trust (Leasing One) for the purchase of a Ford F-450 truck. Terms of the agreement stipulate a 3-year repayment schedule with annual payments of \$10,746. The final lease payment on the F-450 truck was made in FY 2002.

Note 7. Capital Leases (Continued)

E. Paver

On June 20, 2001, the county entered into a lease agreement with Farmers Bank and Trust (Leasing One) for the purchase of a paver. Terms of the agreement stipulate a 3-year repayment schedule with annual payments of \$20,074 on August 1 of each year. As of June 30, 2002, the principal balance outstanding was \$38,986. Debt service requirements for fiscal years ending June 30, 2003, and thereafter are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	Iı	nterest	Principal		
2003 2004	\$	1,077 85	\$	18,997 19,989	
Totals	\$	1,162	\$	38,986	

F. 911 Equipment

On July 30, 2001, the county entered into a lease agreement with Community Bank of Louisiana for the purchase of 911 equipment. Terms of the agreement stipulate a 3-year repayment schedule with monthly principal and interest payments at a 5% interest rate. As of June 30, 2002, the principal balance outstanding was \$42,499. Debt service requirements for fiscal years ending June 30, 2003, and thereafter are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Iı	nterest	P	rincipal
2003 2004 2005	\$	1,709 773 41	\$	18,301 19,237 4,961
Totals	\$	2,523	\$	42,499

Note 7. Capital Leases (Continued)

G. Case Backhoe

On June 27, 2002, the county entered into a lease agreement with Farmers Bank and Trust (Leasing One) for the purchase of a Case backhoe. Terms of the agreement stipulate a 5-year repayment schedule with annual payments of \$12,485. As of June 30, 2002, the principal balance outstanding was \$53,450. Debt service requirements for fiscal years ending June 30, 2003, and thereafter are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Iı	nterest	P	rincipal
2003	\$	2,857	\$	9,628
2004		2,821		9,664
2005		2,007		10,478
2006		1,124		11,361
2007		167		12,319
Totals	\$	8,976	\$	53,450

Total capital lease principal agreements as of June 30, 2002, was \$187,428.

Note 8. Note Payable - HVAC System

On April 4, 2002, the county entered into a loan agreement with BB&T, formally Area Bank, for the installation of a new HVAC system. Terms of the loan agreement stipulate a 5-year repayment schedule with monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,967. The note is a variable interest rate loan, thus changes in the interest rate will effect the term of the loan since the monthly payment will remain the same. The As of June 30, 2002, the principal balance outstanding was \$100,000.

Note 9. Unpaid Obligations

Unpaid obligations represent commitments made as of June 30, 2002, that have not been paid. The following table summarizes unpaid obligations for the General, Road and Jail funds:

	General		Road		Jail	
		Fund		Fund		Fund
County's Unadjusted Cash Balance as of June 30, 2002	\$	20,342	\$	32,894	\$	1,053
Unpaid Obligations as of June 30, 2002		(65,327)		(56,915)		(8,271)
Adjusted June 30, Ending Cash Balance		(44,985)		(24,021)		(7,218)

Note 10. Subsequent Events

- A. On February 28, 2003, the County entered into a lease agreement with National City Bank through KACO in the amount of \$495,000. The County entered the lease agreement to pay off outstanding bills the County owed and to increase the County's operating cash flow.
- B. On October 4, 2002, the County originally entered into a loan agreement with BB&T for \$100,000. The loan agreement was later amended on February 24, 2003, to reduce the amount to \$75,000.
- C. On September 4, 2003, the County entered into a lease agreement with BB&T for \$81,900 for the purchase of fire trucks.
- D. In June of 2003, the County closed the jail and then later re-opened it in September of 2003.

Note 11. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, Estill County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.



COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL OPERATING REVENUE

ESTILL COUNTY COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL OPERATING REVENUE

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

Budgeted Funds	Budgeted Operating Revenue	Actual Operating Revenue	Over (Under) Budget
General Fund Type			
General Fund Road and Bridge Fund Jail Fund Local Government Economic Assistance Fund	\$ 1,491,004 855,030 116,494 56,295	\$ 1,432,274 823,639 107,627 49,671	\$ (58,730) (31,391) (8,867) (6,624)
Special Revenue Fund Type			
CSEPP Fund State Grant Fund	434,595 430,000	373,615 354,865	(60,980) (75,135)
Totals	\$ 3,383,418	\$ 3,141,691	\$ (241,727)
Reconciliation			
Total Budgeted Operating Revenue Above Add: Budgeted Prior Year Surplus Add: Budgeted Borrowed Money Received Less: Other Financing Uses			\$ 3,383,418 355,674 250,000 (234,642)
Total Operating Budget Per Comparative Schedule Of Final Budget and Budgeted Expenditures			\$ 3,754,450





ESTILL COUNTY SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUE

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Revenue Categories	(M	Totals (Memorandum Only)		General Fund Type		Special Revenue and Type
Taxes	\$	822,219	\$	822,219	\$	
In Lieu Tax Payments Excess Fees		17,631 42,412		17,631 42,412		
Intergovernmental Revenues Charges for Services		1,968,914 200,504		1,277,341 200,504		691,573
Miscellaneous Revenues Interest Earned		88,596 1,415		51,689 1,415		36,907
Total Operating Revenue		3,141,691	\$	2,413,211	\$	728,480



COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF FINAL BUDGET AND BUDGETED EXPENDITURES

ESTILL COUNTY COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF FINAL BUDGET AND BUDGETED EXPENDITURES

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

	GENERAL FUND TYPE					
Expenditure Categories	Final Budget	Budgeted Expenditures	Under (Over) Budget			
General Government	\$ 667,425	\$ 647,550	\$ 19,875			
Protection to Persons and Property	725,719	693,817	31,902			
General Health and Sanitation	34,924	33,806	1,118			
Social Services	41,000	36,464	4,536			
Roads	683,981	574,111	109,870			
Debt Service	29,255	28,305	950			
Capital Projects	156,432		156,432			
Administration	427,603	364,771	62,832			
Total Operating Budget - General Fund Type	\$ 2,766,339	\$ 2,378,824	\$ 387,515			
Other Financing Uses: Transfers to Public Properties						
Corporation Fund-						
Principal	60,000	60,000				
Interest	11,119	11,119				
Jail Participation Agreement -						
Principal on Lease	6,738	6,738				
Capital Lease Agreements -						
Principal on Leases	156,785	156,785				
TOTAL BUDGET - GENERAL						
FUND TYPE	\$ 3,000,981	\$ 2,613,466	\$ 387,515			

ESTILL COUNTY COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF FINAL BUDGET AND BUDGETED EXPENDITURES For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TYPE						
Expenditure Categories		Final Budget		sudgeted penditures	Under (Over) Budget		
Protection to Persons and Property Capital Projects Administration	\$	526,492 448,516 13,103	\$	359,440 327,033 12,151	\$	167,052 121,483 952	
TOTAL BUDGET - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TYPE	\$	988,111	\$	698,624	\$	289,487	

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



EDWARD B. HATCHETT, JR. AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Gordon C. Duke, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Debra Eucker, Commissioner, Department of Law, Revenue Cabinet
Honorable Dwight Arvin, Former Estill County Judge/Executive
Honorable Wallace Taylor, Estill County Judge/Executive
Members of the Estill County Fiscal Court

Report On Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of Estill County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2003. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Estill County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

- The Fiscal Court Should Pay Invoices When Due And Should Not Obligate Funds In Excess Of Revenue Sources
- The Fiscal Court Should Pay All Loans By The End Of The Fiscal Year They Are Issued
- The Fiscal Court Should Maintain A Bid File

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Estill County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions.



Report On Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Estill County's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

- The Fiscal Court Should Implement Stronger Internal Controls Over Expenditures
- The Fiscal Court Should Adopt A Better System Of Internal Controls Over CSEPP Expenditures To Ensure Compliance With Grant Requirements
- The Fiscal Court Should Require Improved Accounting Procedures For The Jail Canteen

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we consider the following to be material weaknesses:

- The Fiscal Court Should Implement Stronger Internal Controls Over Expenditures
- The Fiscal Court Should Adopt A Better System Of Internal Controls Over CSEPP Expenditures To Ensure Compliance With Grant Requirements
- The Fiscal Court Should Require Improved Accounting Procedures For The Jail Canteen

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Edward B. Hatchett, Jr. Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - September 29, 2003

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133



EDWARD B. HATCHETT, JR. AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Gordon C. Duke, Secretary
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Honorable Wallace Taylor, Estill County Judge/Executive
Members of the Estill County Fiscal Court

Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Estill County, Kentucky, with the types of compliance requirements described in the <u>U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement</u> that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2002. Estill County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Estill County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Estill County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Estill County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Estill County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Estill County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2002.



Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 (Continued)

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Estill County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Estill County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Edward B. Hatchett, Jr. Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - September 29, 2003



ESTILL COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of Estill County.
- 2. Three reportable conditions disclosed during the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report. All of the conditions are reported as material weaknesses.
- 3. Three instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Estill County were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No reportable conditions were disclosed during the audit of the major federal awards programs.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the audit of the major federal awards programs for Estill County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. No findings relative to the major federal awards programs for Estill County are reported in Part C of this schedule.
- 7. The program tested as a major program was: Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness Program, CFDA #83.549
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Estill County was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS

Reference Number 2002-1

The Fiscal Court Should Implement Stronger Internal Controls Over Expenditures

During the course of our engagement, we noted the following internal control weaknesses:

- The Treasurer did not co-sign all checks
- An encumbrance list was not maintained
- Purchase orders, when utilized, were not matched with invoices upon payment

In order to strengthen internal controls, we recommend that the Treasurer co-sign all checks, an encumbrance list be maintained and that purchase orders be matched with invoices upon payment.

ESTILL COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)

Reference Number 2002-2

The Fiscal Court Should Adopt A Better System Of Internal Controls Over CSEPP Expenditures To Ensure Compliance With Grant Requirements

During the course of our engagement, we noted the following problems relating to CSEPP.

- The County could not readily provide all the original invoices selected for testing for expenditures of Federal CSEPP Funds.
- CSEPP checks, written for payroll related items, were not signed by the County Treasurer.
- The Fiscal Court did not approve CSEPP expenditures.
- Two expenditures were paid directly to the Finance Officer for administrative costs. These expenditures should not have been paid directly to the Finance Officer and should have been paid through the County payroll revolving account since the Finance Officer is a regular employee of the County. These expenditures were not supported by timesheets or any other documentation.

We recommend the County adopt a better system of internal controls over CSEPP expenditures.

Reference Number 2002-3

The Fiscal Court Should Require Improved Accounting Procedures For The Jail Canteen

Our audit revealed that required financial reports and accounting records are not being maintained for the Jail Canteen. Specifically noted was the absence of receipts and disbursements journals, daily check-out sheets, timely bank deposits, bank reconciliations, financial statements (monthly and yearly), and adequate supporting documentation for expenditures. KRS 441.135 states, "The jailer may maintain a canteen fund for the benefit of the prisoners lodged in the jail and may assign such jail employees and prisoners to operate the canteen as are necessary for efficient operation. All profits from the canteen shall be used for the benefit or recreation of the prisoners. The jailer shall keep books of accounts of all receipts and disbursements from the canteen and shall annually report to the county treasurer on the canteen account." The state local finance officer pursuant to KRS 68.210 has prescribed the minimum and report standards required. These are to be utilized by county jailers for jail commissary funds maintained pursuant to KRS 441.135. The account and reporting standards are as follows:

- Daily Check-Out Sheets
- Jail Commissary Receipts Journal
- Jail Commissary Disbursements Journal
- Jail Commissary Summary and Reconciliation (Monthly and Yearly)
- Bank Reconciliation

ESTILL COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)

Reference Number 2002-3 (Continued)

The Fiscal Court Should Require Improved Accounting Procedures For The Jail Canteen (Continued)

KRS 67.080 gives the fiscal court the authority to "...cause correct accounts and records to be kept of all receipts and disbursements of the public funds of the county." We recommend the fiscal court require the jailer to maintain complete and accurate records of the financial activity of the Jail Canteen and prepare and submit the required financial reports. We also recommend that the Jail Canteen expenditures be supported by adequate documentation and be exclusively for the benefit or recreation of the prisoners.

NONCOMPLIANCES

Reference Number 2002-4

The Fiscal Court Should Pay Invoices When Due And Should Not Obligate Funds In Excess Of Revenue Sources

During the course of our engagement, we noted the following problems relating to expenditures:

- Numerous invoices throughout the fiscal year that were not paid in full for goods or services received from vendors.
- As of June 30, 2002, invoices totaling \$130,513 for the General, Road and Jail Funds were not paid because the county did not have sufficient revenues to cover the expenditures. This resulted in the following deficit fund balances:

	(General	Road	Jail
		Fund	Fund	 Fund
County's Unadjusted Cash Balance as of June 30, 2002	\$	20,342	\$ 32,894	\$ 1,053
Unpaid Obligations as of June 30, 2002		(65,327)	(56,915)	 (8,271)
Adjusted June 30, Ending Cash Balance		(44,985)	(24,021)	 (7,218)

KRS 65.140 states that unless the purchaser and vendor otherwise contract, all bills for goods or services shall be paid within thirty (30) working days of receipt of a vendor's invoice except when payment is delayed because the purchaser has made a written disapproval of improper performances or improper invoicing by the vendor or by the vendor's subcontractor. KRS 68.110 states that the fiscal court shall not in any year expend money in excess of the amount annually levied and collected for that year. We recommend that all members of the fiscal court monitor the financial transactions of the county to ensure compliance with KRS 65.140 that requires invoices to be paid within thirty working days. Furthermore, we recommend that the practice of obligating funds by ordering goods and services when adequate cash is not available to cover the expenditure cease.

ESTILL COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

NONCOMPLIANCES (Continued)

Reference Number 2002-5

The Fiscal Court Should Pay All Loans By The End Of The Fiscal Year They Are Issued

The Fiscal Court did not pay a loan for a HVAC system in full by June 30, 2002. KRS 65.7707 states, notes payable shall mature on a date determined by the governing body, which shall be no later than the last day of the fiscal year in which the notes are issued. We recommend the Fiscal Court pay any and all loans in full by the end of the fiscal year they are issued.

Reference Number 2002-6

The Fiscal Court Should Maintain A Bid File

During the course of our engagement, the Fiscal Court could not locate the bid file. Thus, we could not determine if expenditures greater than \$20,000 were properly bid. We recommend that a bid file be maintained by the Fiscal Court.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

- The Fiscal Court Should Require Improved Accounting Procedures For The Jail Canteen This comment has not been corrected and is repeated in the current year.
- The Fiscal Court Should Require The Jailer To Properly Collect And Account For Home Incarceration Fees - Based on available information, this appears to have been corrected as of the present time.
- C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAM AUDIT

None.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

ESTILL COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

Federal Grantor Program Title Grant Name (CFDA #)	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Exp	enditures
U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency			
Passed-Through State Department of Military Affairs: Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness Program (CFDA #83.549) Disaster and Emergency Assistance Grants - Coordinator Salary	M-02183697	\$	350,340
(CFDA #83.503)	Not Available		5,470
Total U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency		\$	355,810
Total Cash Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	355,810

ESTILL COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Estill County, Kentucky and is presented on the modified cash basis of accounting. The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.</u>

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

ESTILL COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

ESTILL COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

The Estill County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Dwight

Former County Judge/Executive

Laura Ann Rogers

County Treasurer